

# Instrument Overview

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(Subaru Telescope, NAOJ)

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# ULTIMATE–Subaru instrument plans

- 1) Wide-field imager
- 2) Multi-object integral field spectrograph
- 3) Multi-slit spectrograph

	Imager	MOS	Multi-Object IFU <sup>a</sup>
Wavelength Coverage	0.8–2.5 $\mu$ m		0.9–1.8 $\mu$ m
Plate Scale	0.10 arcsec/pix		0.15 arcsec/spaxel
FOV	$\phi=16'$	$\phi=6' - 16'^b$ (TBD)	IFU: $1''.18 \times 1''.18$ , Patrol area: $\phi \sim 15'$
Filters	YJHK + NBF/MBF/TBF <sup>c</sup>	—	—
Spectral Resolution	—	$\sim 3000$ ( $0''.4$ slit)	500–3000
Multiplicity	—	$\sim 100$ slits (TBD)	8–13 IFUs (TBD)
Detector	4 $\times$ H4RG(Teledyne)		2 $\times$ H2RG(Teledyne)
Efficiency <sup>d</sup>	$\sim 48\%$ (J,H), $\sim 40\%$ (K)	$\sim 33\%$ (J), $\sim 35\%$ (H,K)	$\sim 7\%$ (J), $\sim 10\%$ (H)

<sup>a</sup> In case of using MOIRCS as a spectrograph.

<sup>b</sup> FoV will be limited to  $6'$  if the instrument is installed at NsIR.

<sup>c</sup> NBF, MBF, and TBF indicate narrow-band, medium-band, and tunable filters, respectively.

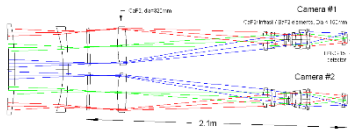
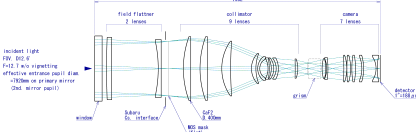
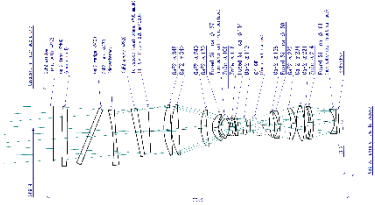
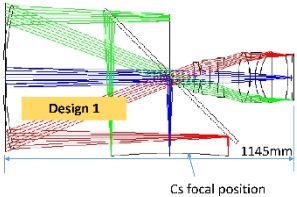
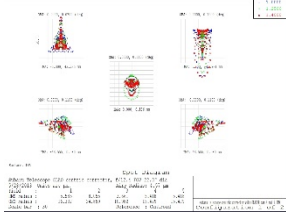
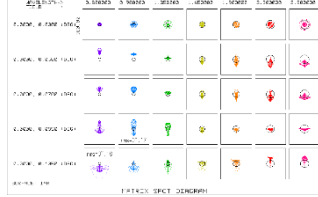
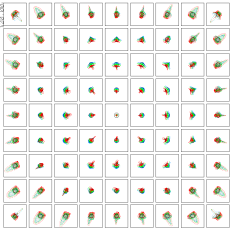
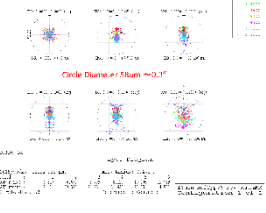
<sup>d</sup> Total Efficiency includes atmosphere, telescope, and instrument (optics + detector).

# Wide-Field imager: Baseline Specification

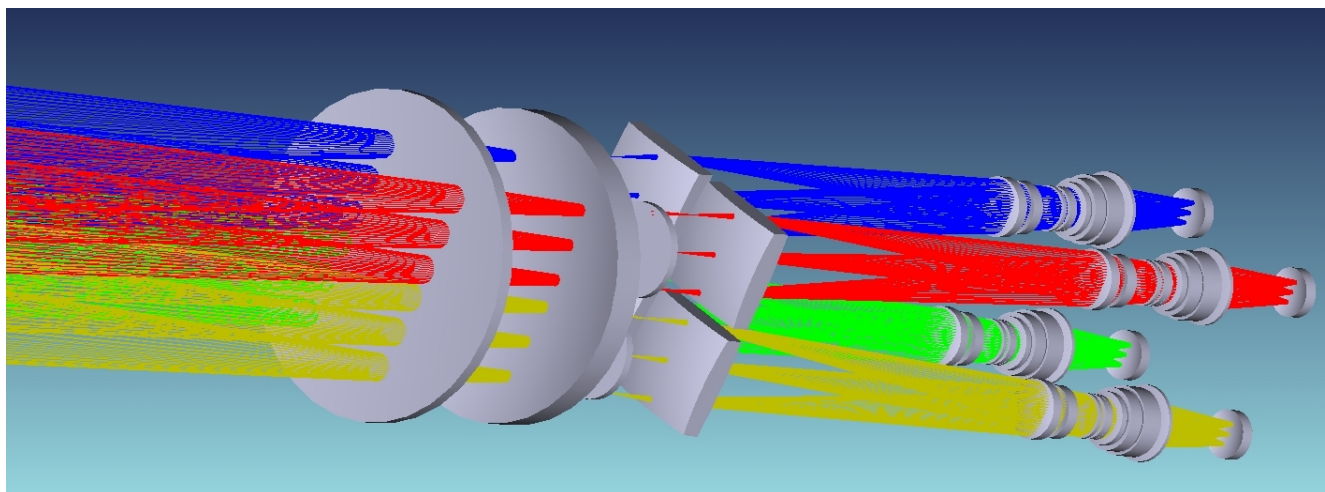
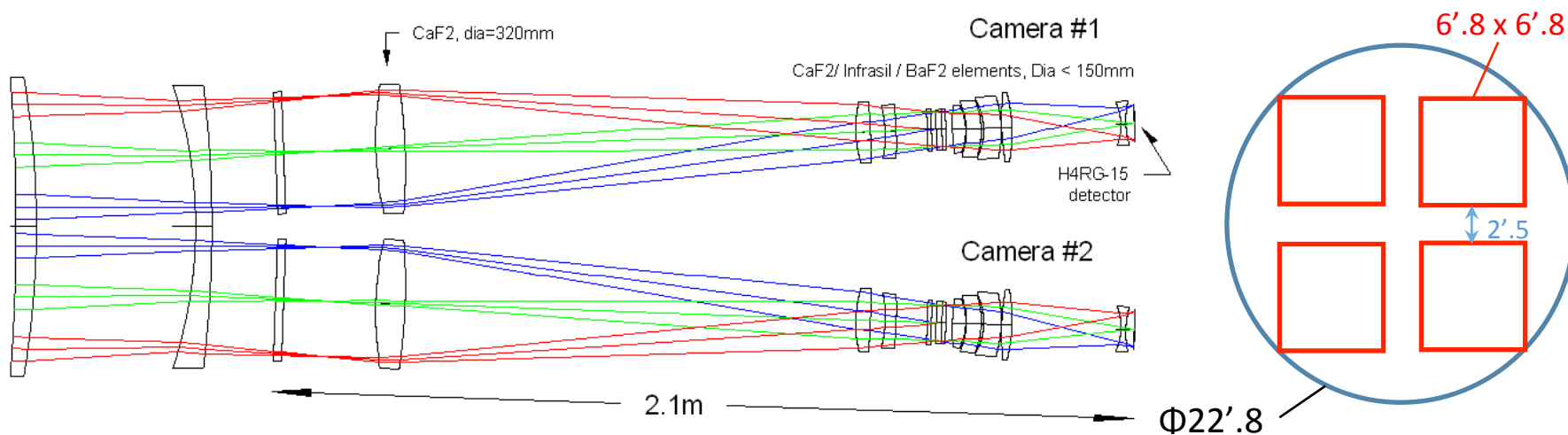
Wavelength coverage	0.8-2.5um	
Plate scale	0.10''/pix (TBD)	1pix=15um
FoV	$\phi < 16$ arcmin	Separation of 4 areas TBD
Filters	BB / MB / NB (+ tunable filter ?)	See example in the fact sheet
Detectors	4 H4RGs (4k x 4k)	

The WFI is currently 1<sup>st</sup> priority instrument among the three instrument plans for ULTIMATE.

# Wide-Field Imager: Conceptual optical design

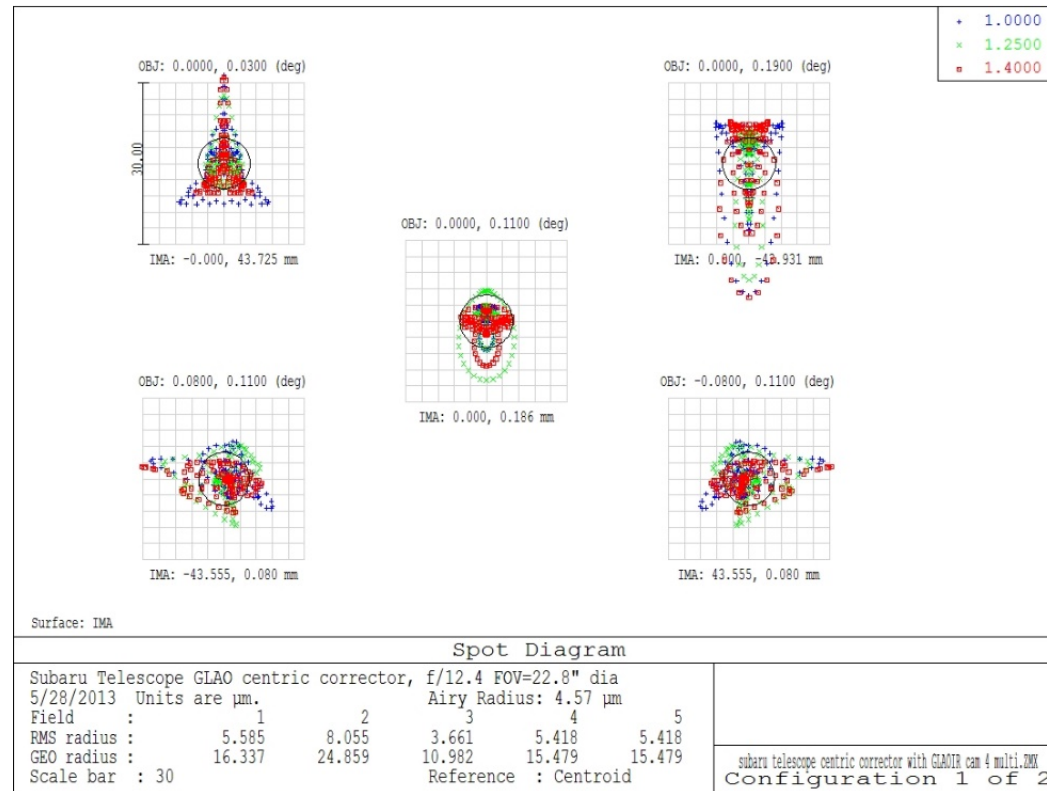
Design	J. Pazder (HIA)	T. Yamamuro (OptCraft)	T. Yamamuro (OptCraft)	Y. Tanaka (Subaru)
Date	5/29/2013	3/30/2012	3/15/2013	9/29/2015
FoV	$\Phi 20'$ (6'.8 x 6'.8 x 4)	$\Phi 12'.6$	$11'.5 \times 11'.5 \times 4$	$\Phi 16'$
Scale	0".1/pixel	0".08/pixel	0".08/pixel	0".077/pixel
Lens	14	19	21	8 + 2 mirrors
Purpose	design concept	MOS design	MOS design with FoV split	compact imager with a large spherical mirror
Note		FoV limited by $\Phi 400\text{mm}$ CaF2	FoV limited by $\Phi 400\text{mm}$ CaF2, feasibility problem	
Layout				
Spot Diagram	<p>&lt; ~0".1</p> 	<p>&lt; ~0".15</p> 	<p>&lt; ~0".16 but up to 0".27 at edge</p> 	<p>&lt; ~0".13</p> 

# Four Barrel Imager Design (J. Pazder, HIA)



# Four Barrel Imager Design (J. Pazder, HIA)

- each unit has 6'.8 x 6'.8 FoV (0".1/pixel with H4RG)
- good imaging performance (RMS diameter < ~1pixel=0".1)



# Tunable filter for imager

- Alternative to NB filter set
- Fabry-Perot etalon
  - there were activities in developing cryogenic etalons
    - F2T2 (Flamingos-2 Tandem Tunable filter)
    - TFI (Tunable Filter Imager) for JWST
  - cryogenic and large aperture etalon may be challenging
    - feasibility and expected performance are under study
    - discussing with COM DEV Canada

Instrument	F2T2	JWST-TFI	ULTIMATE
spectral resolution	>800 (wing suppressed)	100	~100?
wavelength	0.95-1.35 $\mu$ m	1.5-5 $\mu$ m	0.8-2.5 $\mu$ m
field of view	50"-1'.5	2'.2	~16'
operating temperature	~110K	~35K	~120K
aperture size	60mm	56mm	~100mm
location	telescope focus	pupil	pupil

# Multi-Object IFU spectrograph: Baseline Specification

## Conceptual design by Australian Astronomical Observatory (AAO)

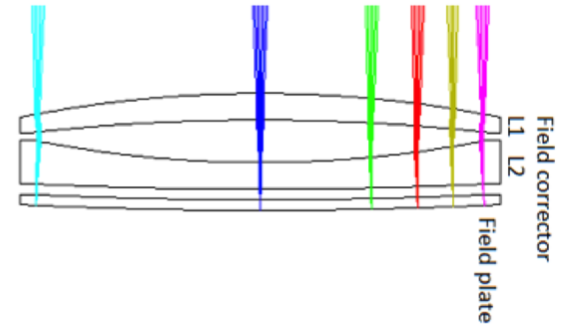
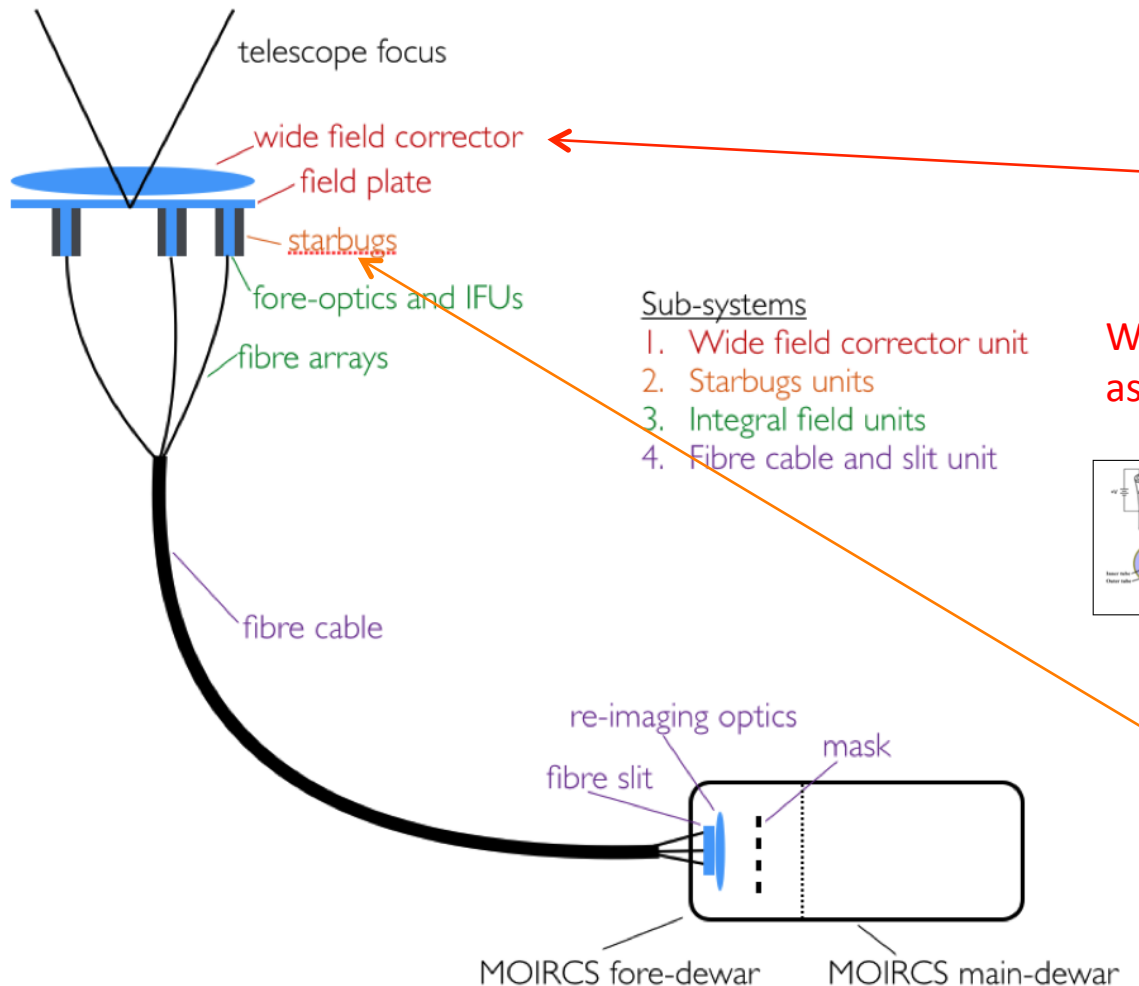
- Fiber-bundle IFU with Starbug positioners
- Re-use MOIRCS for initial phase observation.
- Develop a dedicated spectrograph to increase the number of IFUs and optimize the optical parameters

IFUs	
Number of IFUs	8-13 <sup>a</sup>
Number of elements per IFU	61 Hexagonally packed
Spatial sampling per element	0.15 arcsec
Total field of view per IFU	1.18 square arcsec
Total patrol area	$\phi \sim 15$ arcmin <sup>b</sup>
Minimum separation between IFUs	25 arcsec
Spectrograph (MOIRCS)	
Wavelength coverage	0.9-1.8 $\mu\text{m}$
Spectral resolving power	500-3000
Dispersion	1.6 $\text{\AA}$ per pix ( <i>J</i> ), 2.1 $\text{\AA}$ per pix ( <i>H</i> )
Sampling	2-5 pixels in FWHM
Combined properties	
Total efficiency	9% ( <i>J</i> ), 12% ( <i>H</i> )

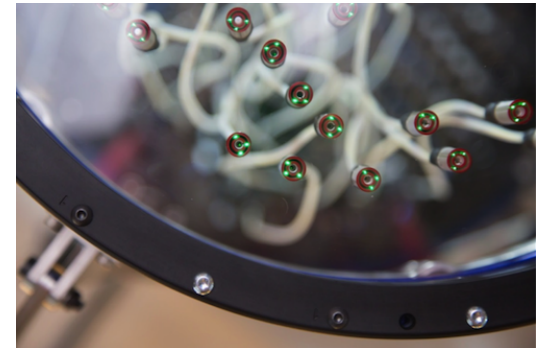
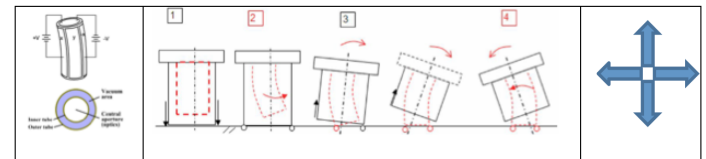


# Multi-Object IFU spectrograph

## Fiber bundle IFU with Starbug positioners



**Wide-Field corrector to compensate the astigmatism over 15' FoV**

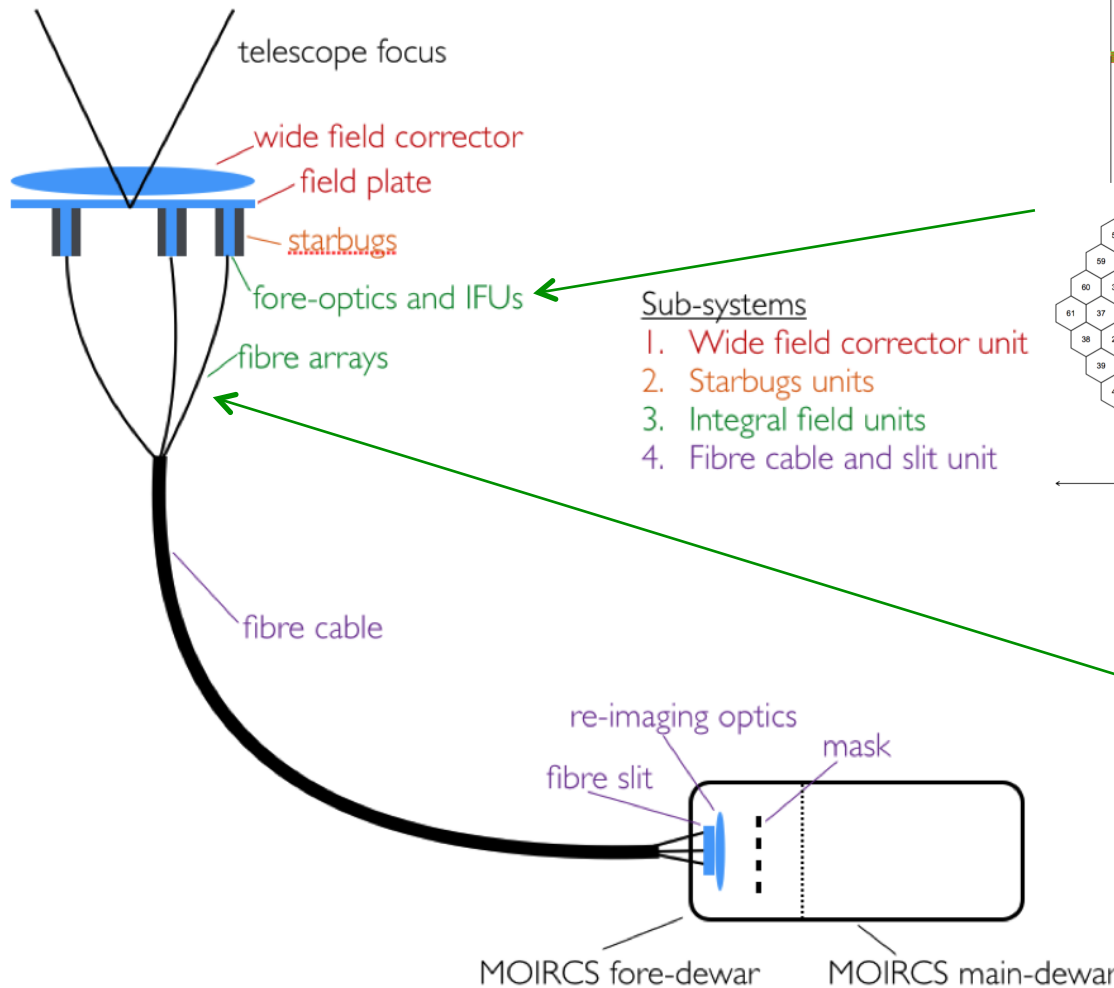


Conceptual design by AAO

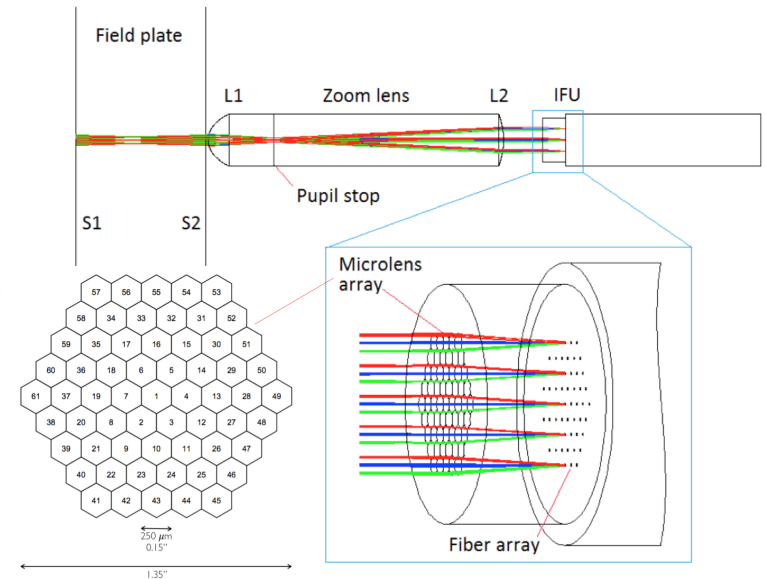
Starbug fiber positioner developed by AAO

# Multi-Object IFU spectrograph

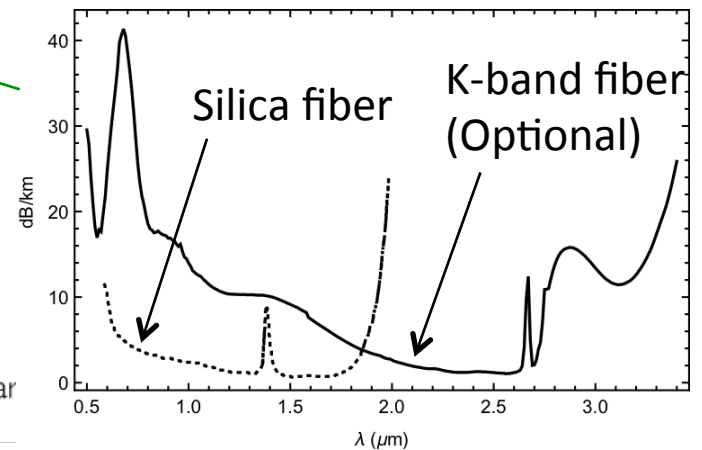
## Fiber bundle IFU with Starbug positioners



Conceptual design by AAO



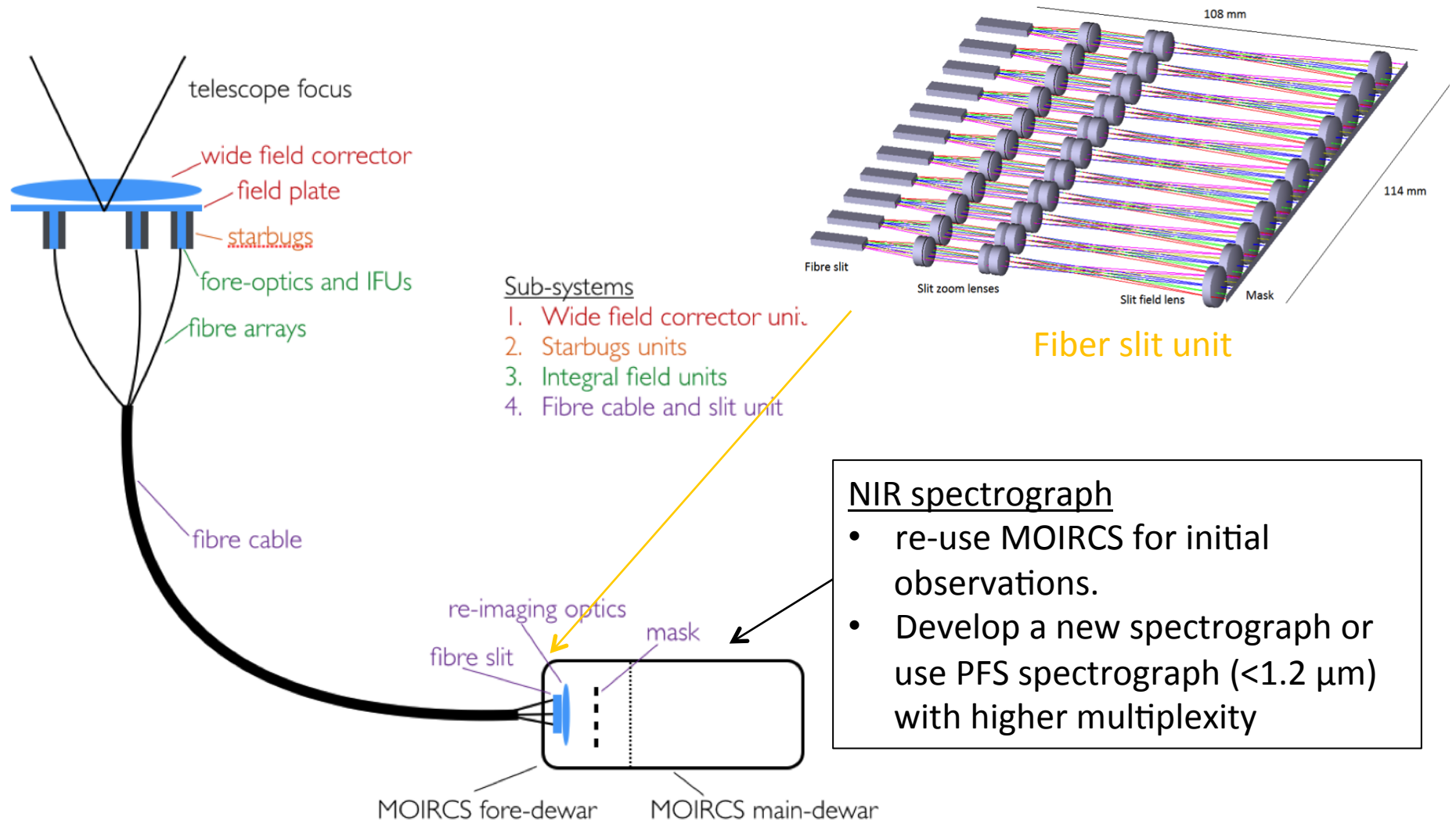
Fore-Optics and lenslet array



Fiber cable (~30m)

# Multi-Object IFU spectrograph

## Fiber bundle IFU with Starbug positioners



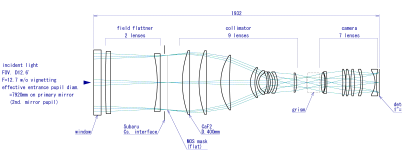
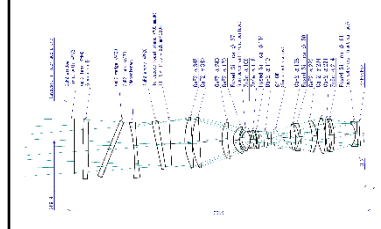
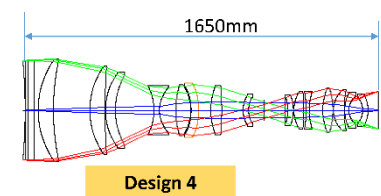
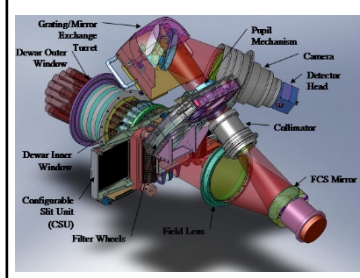
Conceptual design by AAO

# Multi-Object Slit spectrograph: Baseline Specification

Wavelength coverage	0.8-2.5um
Plate scale	0.10"/pix (TBD)
FoV	6' – 16' (TBD)
Spectral resolution	~3000 (0.4" slit)
Multiplicity	~100 slits
Efficiency	~33% (J), ~35% (H,K)

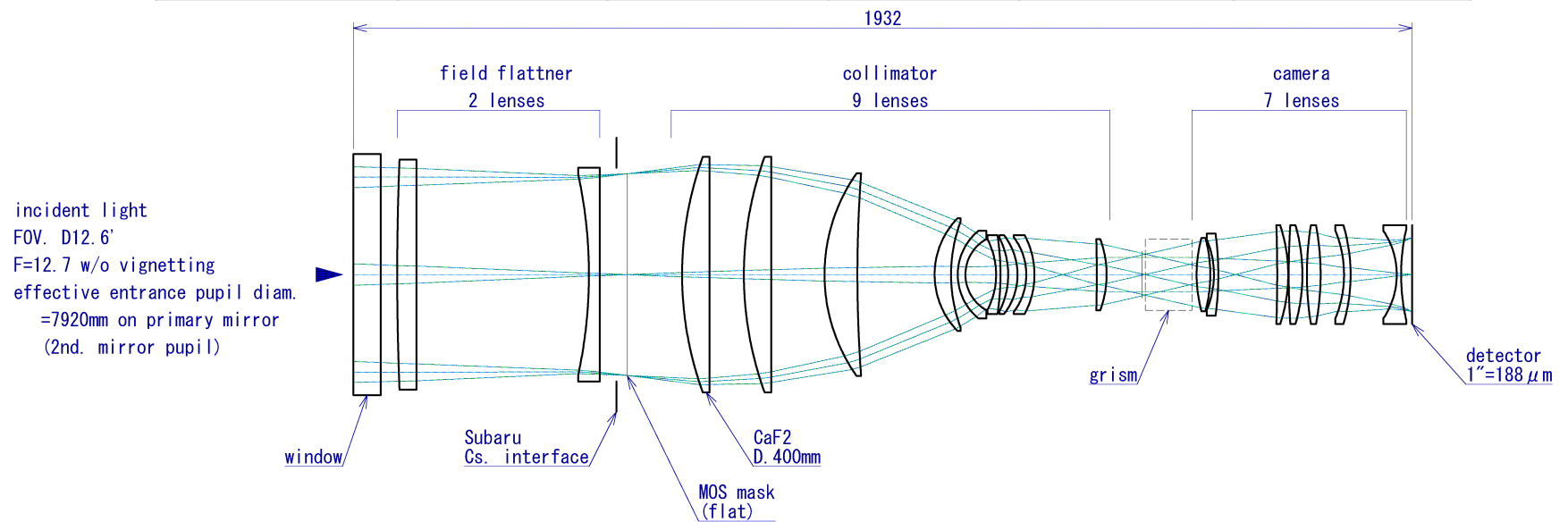
- The Specification of the Multi-Slit Spectrograph has not been studied yet.
- Currently, “Keck/MOSFIRE” like spectrograph is assumed.
- There is an idea to use “MOIRCS” as a first light instrument for GLAO.

# Multi-Object Slit Spectrograph

Design	T. Yamamuro (OptCraft)	T. Yamamuro (OptCraft)	Y. Tanaka (Subaru)	IRMS
Date	3/30/2012	3/15/2013	9/29/2015	?
FoV	$\Phi 12'.6$	$11'.5 \times 11'.5 \times 4$	$\Phi 16'$	$\Phi 6'$
Scale	$0''.08/\text{pixel}$	$0''.08/\text{pixel}$	$0''.088/\text{pixel}$	$0''.25/\text{pixel}$
Lens	19	21	16	15
Multiplicity	50-100?	50-100?	50-100?	36
Resolution	$R \sim 3000$	$R \sim 3000$	?	$R \sim 6300$
Note	FoV limited by $\Phi 400\text{mm}$ CaF2	FoV limited by $\Phi 400\text{mm}$ CaF2, feasibility problem		Nasmyth focus
Layout				

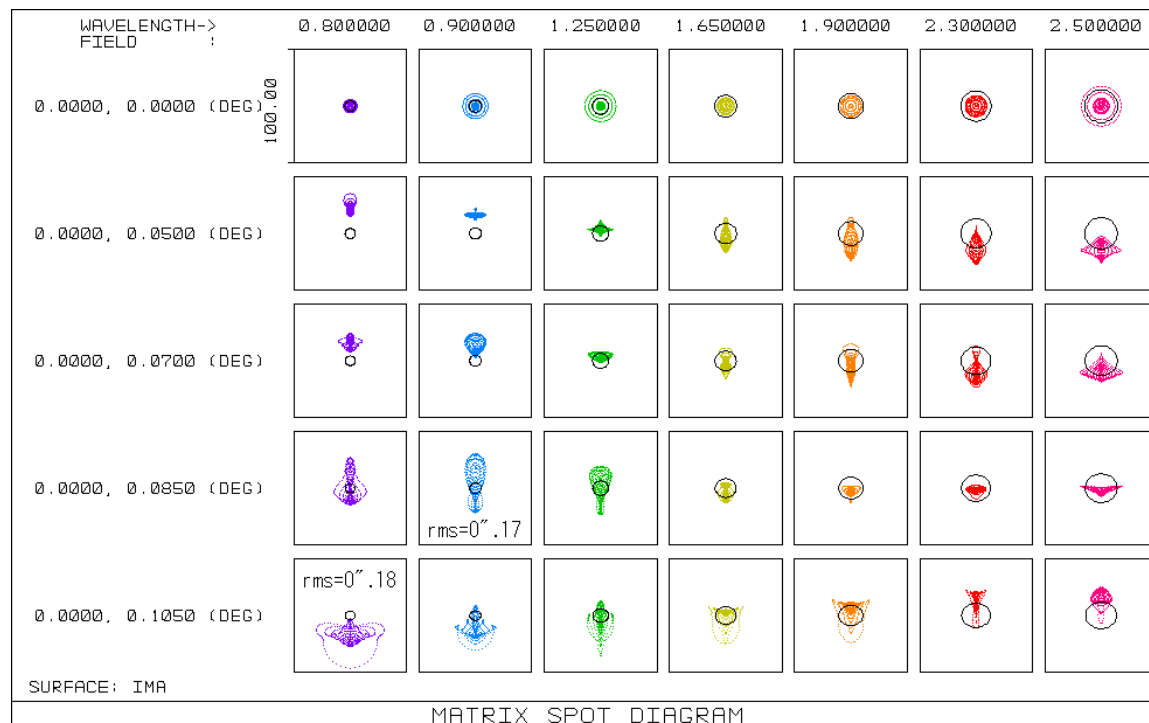
# Wide-Field Near-IR Multi Object Spectrograph Conceptual Optical design (T. Yamamuro, OptCraft)

Design	I-A-1	I-A-2	I-B-1	II-A	II-B
M2	current	current	new	current	new
M1 shapre	current	current	new	new	new
FoV	$\Phi 13'.2$	$\Phi 12'.6$	$\Phi 16'.2$	$8'.5 \times 8'.5 \times 4$	$11'.5 \times 11'.5 \times 4$
Field flattener	no	yes	yes	yes	yes
Lens	17	19	19	21	21



# Wide-Field Near-IR Multi Object Spectrograph Conceptual Optical design (T. Yamamuro, OptCraft)

- FoV ( $\phi 12'.6$ ) is limited by D=400mm CaF2
- RMS diameter  $< 0''.15$  at most positions and wavelengths
- mechanical and cryogenic feasibility studies are needed



# MOIRCS as a first light instrument

## MOIRCS specification:

- Imaging ... YJHKs & 11 NB filters, 4'x7' fov.
- MOS Spectroscopy ... Low-resolution (ZYJH & HK: R~500) and the VPH medium-resolution (R2000-3400) are available.

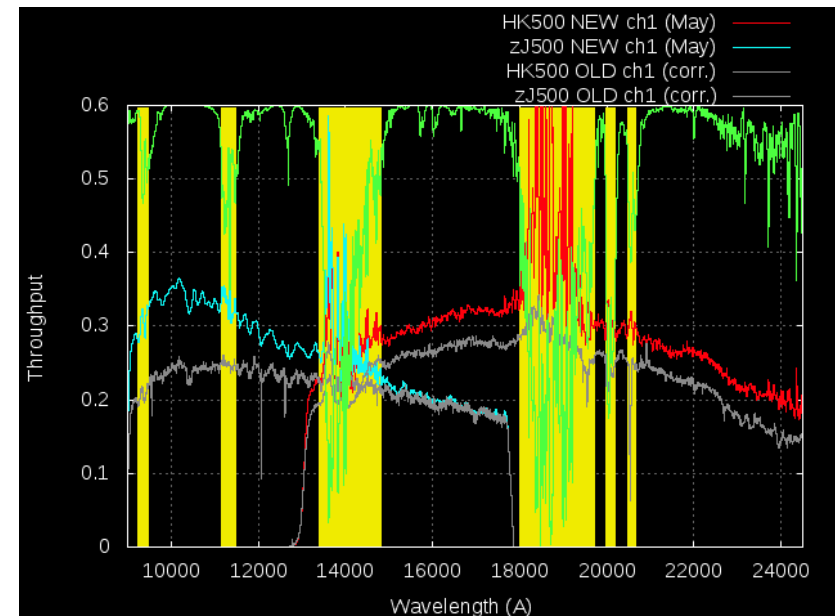
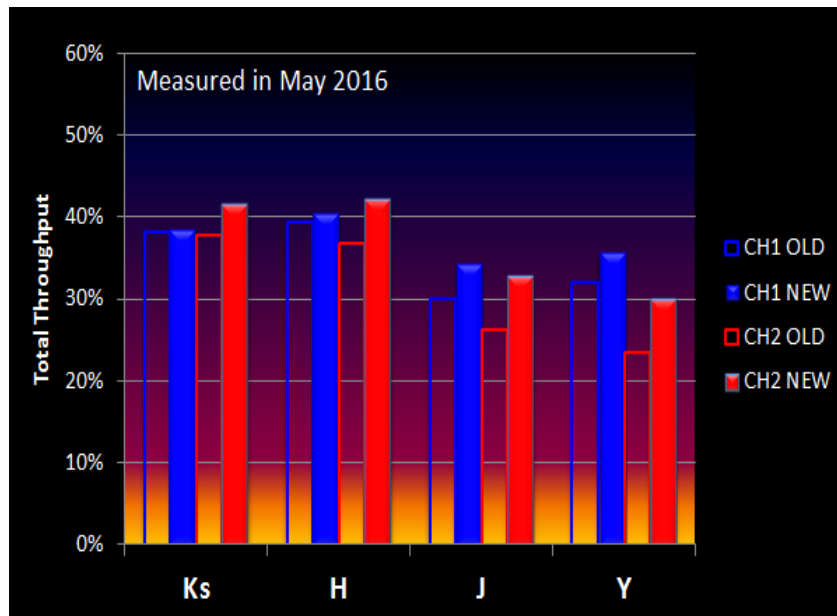
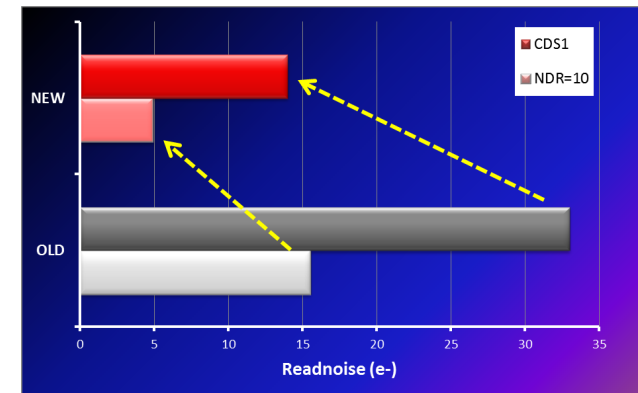
- It is almost impossible to develop 3 instruments at the same time.
- Use MOIRCS as a first light instrument (imager and spectrograph) for GLAO, as suggested by the reviewers during the external review on Feb.
- By using GLAO, MOIRCS sensitivity can be similar to or even higher than MOSFIRE with much better spatial resolution ( $0''.5 \rightarrow 0''.2$ ).



# MOIRCS Upgrade (nuMOIRCS)

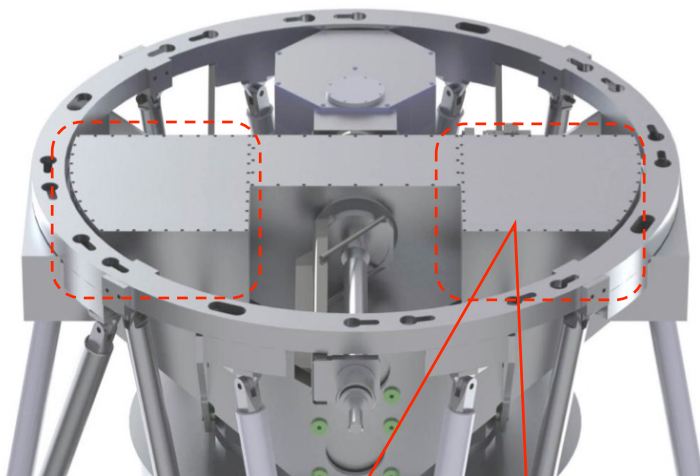
## 2015: Detectors Upgrade Completed!

- 2 Hawaii-2 RG + Sidecar ASIC, SAM controller.
- Good readnoise (5e- by 10 multi-sampling)
- Better total efficiency



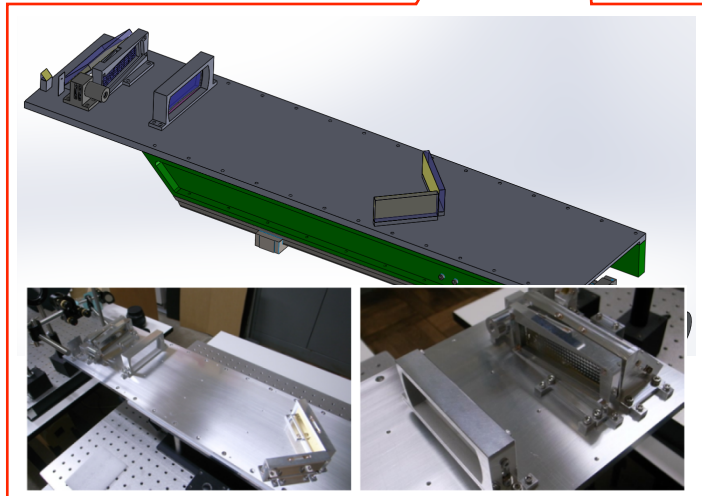
# MOIRCS Upgrade (nuMOIRCS)

- 2017 (?) MLA IFU Installation (Ishigaki-san in Iwate Univ.) is being planned.
- New Grism development project is (→ Ebizuka san's Talk).

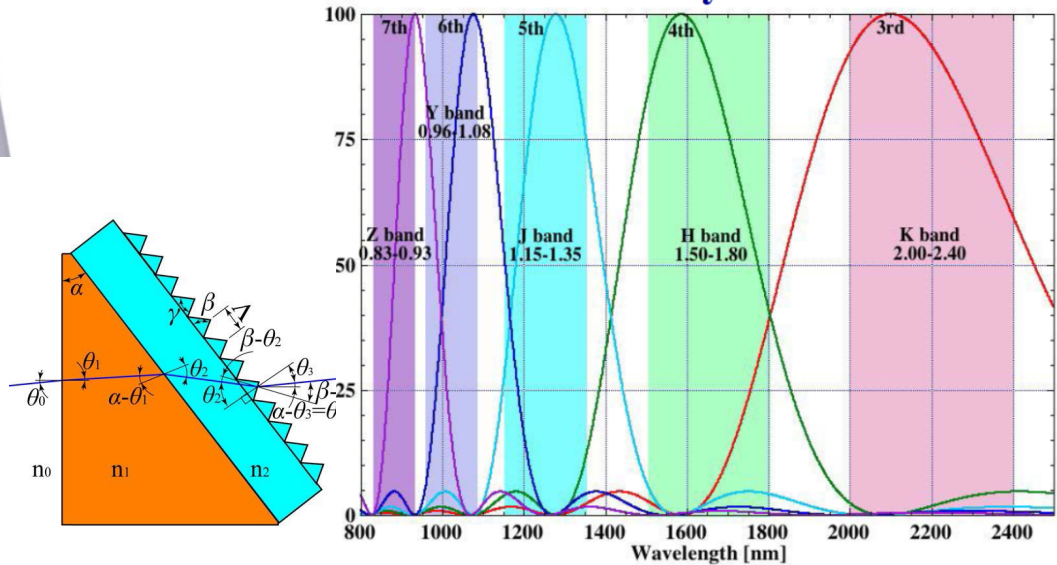


## MLA IFU Specification

Spatial Sampling	0.2 arcsec
MLA format	9 x 31 lenses
Field-of-view	1.8arcsec x 6.2 arcsec



## Diffraction Efficiency of SR Grism #2c



R~1400 Hybrid Grism Design (an example)

# Summary

- Wide-Field Imager
  - good image quality ( $\sim 0''.1$ ) over wide FoV ( $16'-20'$ )
  - opt-mechanical feasibility studies are planned
- Multi-Object Integral Field Spectrograph
  - can utilize existing instrument MOIRCS and the large FoV of new GLAO system
  - difficulty in K-band
- Multi-Object Spectrograph
  - Further investigation to use MOIRCS as a first light instrument.
  - Need some more investigation for new instrument with single FoV cases ( $\phi \sim 13'$ )