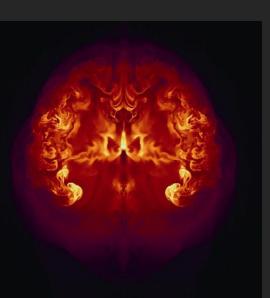


# Supernova Explosion Mechanism probed by late-time NIR spectroscopy with AO



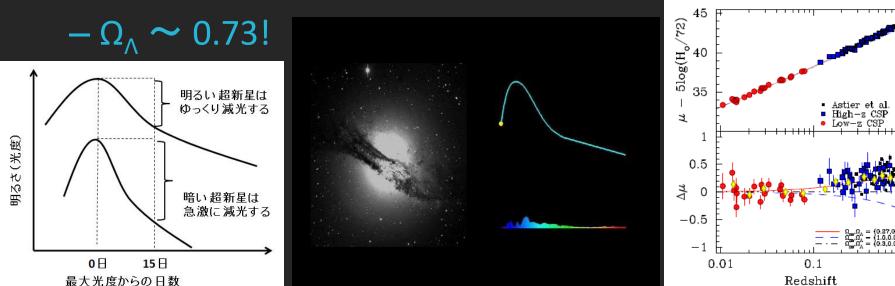
Keiichi Maeda (IPMU) Kentaro Motohara (Inst. Astron.) Masaomi Tanaka (IPMU) Ken'ichi Nomoto (IPMU)



- ~ 3 5 SN Ia NIR late-time spectra per year.
   Preferentially with optical spectra.
- This will hopefully provide insights into,
  - Explosion mechanism.
    - Fuel to astrophysics.
  - Standard-candle-natures of SNe Ia.
    - Fuel to cosmology.

# Type la Supernovae

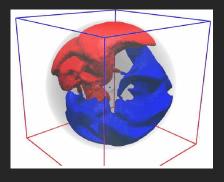
- Thermonuclear runaway of a white-dwarf (WD).
  - An explosion of a Chandrasekhar-mass WD.
  - No central remnant left.
- "Homogeneous" light curves→standard candles.
   Light curve time scale∝Luminosity.



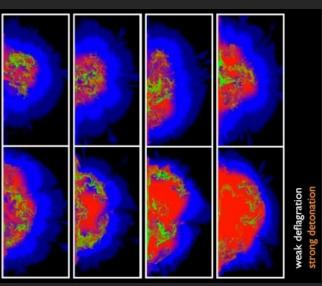
### **Explosion Geometry is A Key**

- The ignition process **yet to be clarified.** 
  - The geometry → How the ignition takes place.

Bulk (off-set) asymmetry in the ignition?

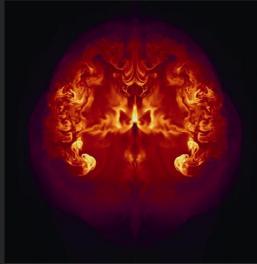


Convection within WD Kuhlen+ 2006 Kasen+ 2009



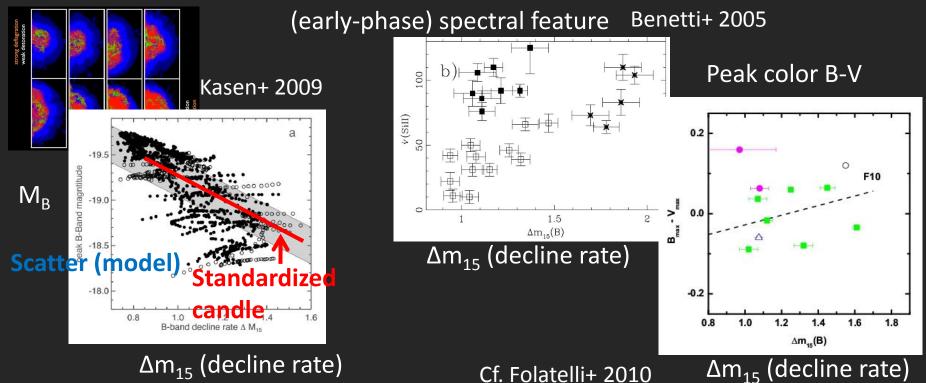
+ hydro mixing? KM. Roepke. Fink+, 2010

KM, Roepke, Fink+, 2010, ApJ, 712, 624



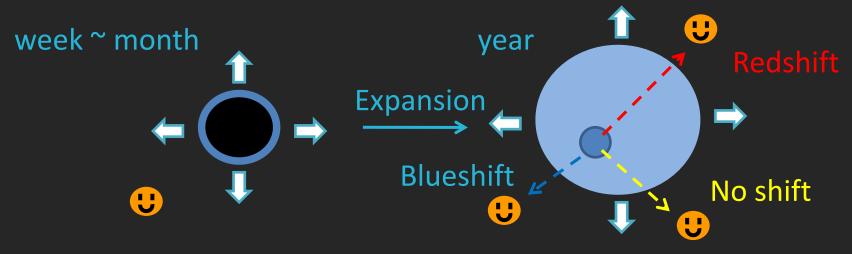
### **Explosion Geometry is A Key**

Issues remain for their natures as standard candles.
 Especially, diversities do exist.



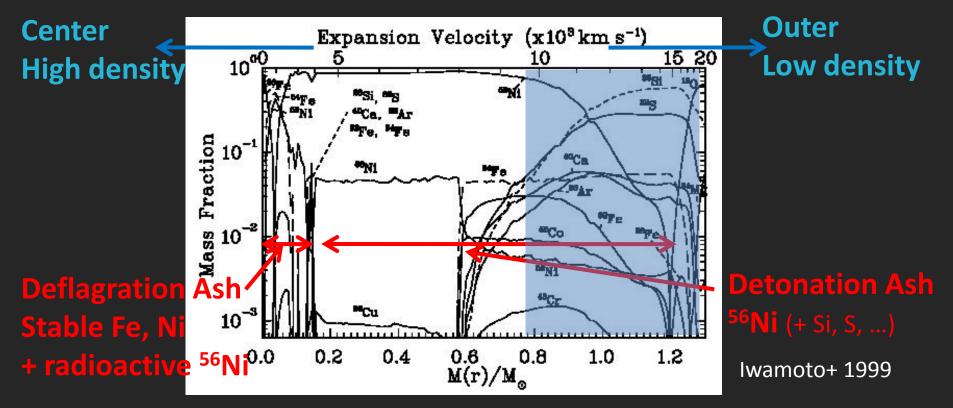
### How? Late-time spectra

 Just simple... Doppler shift diagnostic of homologously expanding & transparent ejecta.



- Successful for core-collapse SNe to show the asymmetric and (likely) bipolar nature.
  - KM, Kawabata, Mazzali+, 2008, Science, 319, 1220.
  - Modjaz+08, Taubenberger+09.

- Standard explosion scenario:
  - "Deflagration-to-Detonation Transition"
    - (but pure-deflagration models can give something similar.)

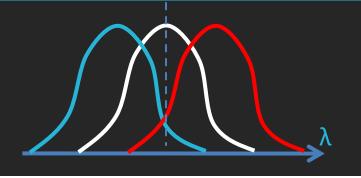


Def. Ash

Stable Ni, Fe low lonization High density low temperature Det. Ash <sup>56</sup>Ni (→γ-ray) low density high lonization high temperature

Wavelength ( $\mu$ m)	Ion	Term	$E_{\rm u}  ({\rm cm}^{-1})^{\rm b}$	Shift <sup>c</sup>	Region <sup>d</sup>
0.4658	Fem	${}^{5}D_{4}-{}^{3}_{2}F_{4}$	21462.2	No	LD
0.4701	Fe III	${}^{5}D_{3}-{}^{3}_{2}F_{3}$	21699.9	No	LD "Det."
0.4734	Fem	${}^{5}D_{2}-{}^{3}_{2}F_{2}$	21857.2	No	LD Det.
0.5262	Feп	a <sup>4</sup> F <sub>7/2</sub> -a <sup>4</sup> H <sub>11/2</sub>	21430.4	No	LD
0.7155	Fe II	a <sup>4</sup> F <sub>9/2</sub> -a <sup>2</sup> G <sub>9/2</sub>	15844.7	Yes	HD
0.7378	NiII	$^{2}D_{5/2}-^{2}F_{7/2}$	13550.4	Yes	ECAP
0.8617	Fe II	a <sup>4</sup> F <sub>9/2</sub> -a <sup>4</sup> P <sub>5/2</sub>	13474.4	Yes	HD "Def."
1.257	Fe II	$a^6D_{9/2}-a^4D_{7/2}$	7955.3	Yes	HD
1.644	Fen	a4F9/2-a4D7/2	7955.3	Yes	HD

KM, Taubenberger, Sollerman+ 2010



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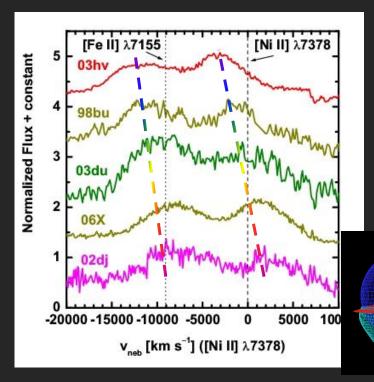
**Probing "Asymmetric Ignition"** 

### **Optical Diagnostics – Bulk asymmetry**

### • ~ 20 SNe with published late-time spectra.

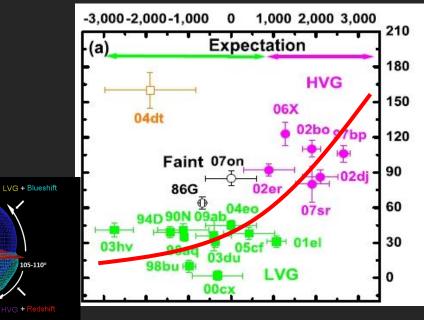
### "Off-set" in the def. ash.

KM, Taubenberger, Sollerman+ 2010, ApJ, 708, 1703



"Viewing angle" as the origin of (early-phase) spectral diversity. KM, Benetti, Stritzinger+ 2010, Nature, 466, 82

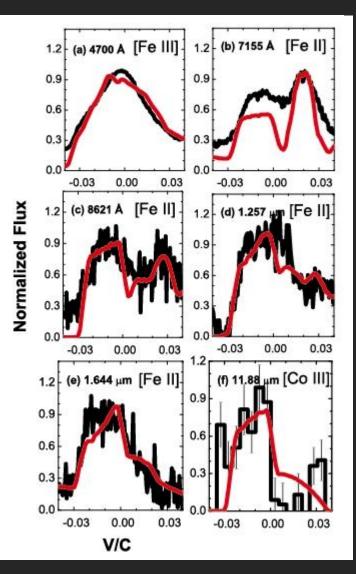
#### Speed of spectral evolution in early phases



Velocity shift  $\rightarrow$  Viewing angle

 $\lambda$  (in Velocity)

# SN 2003hv – from optical through NIR



 The only example for which the "asymmetry" has been tested w/ NIR and Mid-IR emission lines.

- Emission lines from the "deflagration ash" all show "blueshift".
- Emission lines from the "detonation ash" show

#### **"no-shift".** KM, Taubenberger, Sollerman+ 2010 Data from Gerardy+ 05, Motohara+ 06, Leloudas+ 09

Stable Fe, Ni No heating (no emission)

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201	<b>\    -</b>	$\rightarrow$	$\sim$ –	$\mathbf{\rho}$

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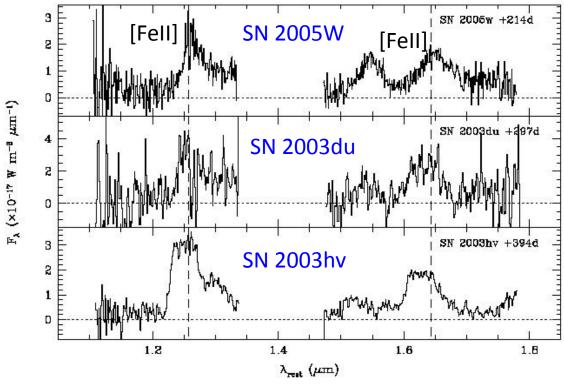
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Clean to do this test

### NIR Diagnostics – Details on mixing

~ 5 SNe with published late-time spectra.
 – 3 by Subaru/CISCO/OHS.



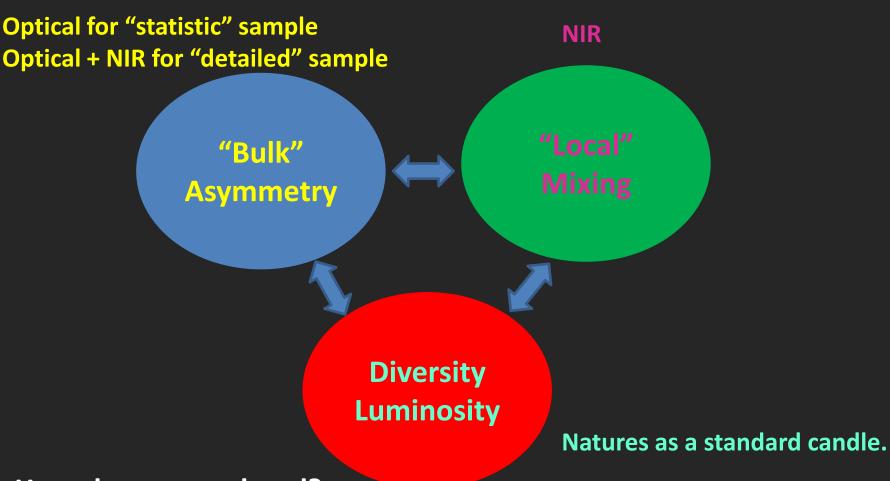
Peaked

Intermediate

Different Boxy degree of the mixing? ←Initial ignition.

Motohara, KM, Gerardy+ 2006, ApJ, 652, L101; Hoflich+ 04

### Synergy



#### How these are related?

- Is the luminosity dependent on the "bulk" asymmetry and/or the "local" mixing?

- Which diversities explained by which.

### How many SNe do we expect?

- IRCS, S/N ~ 5 for 4-5 hrs (spectroscopy)
  - @ 0.2" w/ AO, H ~ 20 21.
- SNe become faint at later epochs: @ 150 days.
  - SNe w/ peak mag < 16 would be H ~ 21.</p>
    - ~ 10 15 SNe @ 1 semester.
- Out of ~ 10 15 SNe:
  - ~ 1/2 would satisfy the LGS condition.
  - ~ 1/3 would satisfy the (RA, dec) condition.
- Expectation = 1 3 SNe per semester W/ AO.

### **A Possible Strategy**

- A problem in scheduling for normal mode.

   Our targets (~ 150 days after the discovery) will be discovered after the usual deadline!
- ToO?
  - Not a usual ToO... Most of our targets will be decided before the semester is started!
- Also we want the synergy with the **optical** spectroscopy (in normal mode).
- Suggestion welcome.

### Conclusions

- Explosion geometry of SNe Ia is becoming important field just recently.
  - Direct test for the explosion physics.
  - Application to cosmology. Origin of Diversities?
- W/AO, NIR can probe up to 5 SNe in a year.
   Mixing process of the very beginning of the explosion.
   w/ optical, bulk asymmetry can also be derived.
  - Potentially improve our understanding of SNe Ia as standard candles.
    - A way to **better luminosity (distance) calibration?**